Marche Pontificale

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23 September 2017

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1 Introduction

The **Pontifical Anthem and March** (Italian: Inno e Marcia Pontificale), also known as the **Papal Anthem**, is the anthem played to mark the presence of the Pope or one of his representatives, such as a nuncio, and on other solemn occasions [1]. When the Vatican's flag is ceremonially raised, only the first eight bars are played [2].

While the Papal Anthem also serves as the national anthem of the Holy See and the Vatican City State, the Vatican stresses that it "is not to be understood as a national anthem"; it is a composition whose words and music "speak to the heart of many throughout the world who see in Rome the See of Peter" [1].

1.1 History

The music was composed in 1869 by Charles Gounod, for the celebration on April 11, 1869 of Pope Pius IX's golden jubilee of priestly ordination. The purely instrumental piece in three parts (see [3]), originally called *Marche pontificale* (French for "Pontifical March"), became extremely popular from its first performance [1] [2].

On October 16, 1949, Pope Pius XII declared it the papal anthem, replacing Viktorin Hallmayer's *Marcia trionfale* (1857), which, being still the papal anthem when the Vatican City State was founded in 1929, had been treated also as the new state's anthem. Gounod's *Marche Pontificale* was first performed in this new role during a ceremony on Christmas Eve of 1949, one day before the opening of the Holy Year 1950. The old anthem too was played for a last time, almost as a token of respect [1].

At that time, Antonio Allegra (1905–1969), who was then one of the organists of St. Peter's Basilica, wrote Italian lyrics for Gounod's music [4]. Other lyrics have been composed for the music in various

languages and by different authors [4]. Some of these versions are not directly related to the papacy, e.g. Rudy Villanueva's Cebuano prayer, *Yutang Tabonon* ("Beloved Land"), for protection for the Philippine nation. In 1991, Raffaello Lavagna of Savona (born 1918) wrote Latin lyrics for a four-voice choir, on an arrangement by Alberico Vitalini [3].

1.2 Italian lyrics by Allegra (1949)

Original Italian

Roma immortale di Martiri e di Santi, Roma immortale accogli i nostri canti: Gloria nei cieli a Dio nostro Signore, Pace ai Fedeli, di Cristo nell'amore.

A Te veniamo, Angelico Pastore, In Te vediamo il mite Redentore, Erede Santo di vera e santa Fede; Conforto e vanto a chi combatte e crede,

Non prevarranno la forza ed il terrore, Ma regneranno la Verità, l'Amore.

An English translation

O Rome immortal of Martyrs and Saints, O immortal Rome, accept our praises: Glory in the heavens to God our Lord, And peace to men who love Christ!

To You we come, Angelic Pastor, In You we see the gentle Redeemer, The Holy Heir of true and holy Faith; Comfort and refuge of those who believe and fight.

Force and terror will not prevail, But Truth and Love will reign.



Figure 1: St Peter's Square, Vatican City - April 2007. (Photo by David Iliff. License: CC-BY-SA 3.0 ⊕⊕. Courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.)



Figure 2: Flag of the Vatican City. (Author unknown. License: Public Domain © Courtesy of Wikimedia Commons)

1.3 Latin lyrics by Lavagna (1991)

Original Latin

CHORUS

O felix Roma, O felix Roma nobilis. O felix Roma, Roma felix Roma nobilis. Sedes es Petri, qui Christi vicem gerit, Sedes es Petri, qui apostolus est pacis.

Pontifex tecum erimus omnes nos

Pontifex es magister qui tuos confirmas fratres.

Pontifex tecum erimus omnes nos

Pontifex es magister qui tuos confirmas fratres

Pontifex fundamentum ac robur nostrum, Hominumque piscator pastor es gregis ligans terram et coelum.

Petre, tu es Christi es Vicarius super terram,

Rupes inter fluctus, tu es pharus ac veritas. Tu Christi es caritas, tu es unitatis custos, Promptus libertatis defensor; in te auctoritas.

Petre, tu es Christi es Vicarius super terram, Rupes inter fluctus, tu es pharus ac veritas. Tu Christi es caritas, tu es unitatis custos, Promptus libertatis defensor; in te auctoritas.

An English translation

CHOIR

O happy Rome , O happy Rome, the most famous.

O happy Rome, Roma felix noble Rome.

You are the seat of Peter, who takes the place of Christ,

You are the seat of Peter, who is an apostle of peace.

Pope will be with us all

Are the teacher of the Pope who, you confirm your brethren.

Pope will be with us all

Are the teacher of the Pope who, you confirm your brethren.

And the strength of the foundation of our high priest,

The shepherd of the flock, linking heaven and earth and fisher of men.

Peter, you are the vicar of Christ on the earth,

Amidst the waves, you are a beacon, and the truth.

You are the love, you are the guardian of unity,

Prompt defender of liberty; authority in you.

Peter, you are the vicar of Christ on the earth,

Amidst the waves, you are a beacon, and the truth.

You are the love, you are the guardian of unity,

Prompt defender of liberty; authority in you.

1.4 See also

• Index of Vatican City-related articles

1.5 References

 $[1]^{a,b,c,d}$ Pontifical Anthem and its History. From the official site of Vatican City State. Accessed on 2017-09-17.

 $[2]^{a,b}$ Pontifical Anthem and its History (in Italian). From the official site of Vatican City State. Accessed on 2017-09-17.

[3]^{a,b} Score for choir of four voices by Alberico Vitalini with original Latin text by Monsignor Raffaello Lavagna. From the official site of the Holy See. Accessed on 2017-09-17.

 $[4]^{a,b,c,d}$ Inno Pontificio lyrics, with brief historical notes and MIDI file. From the official site of the Holy See. Accessed on 2017-09-17.

1.6 Media

PDF, info here

1.7 External links

- Official site of Vatican City State
- Streaming audio, lyrics and information about the Pontifical Anthem

1.8 License @(1)(2)

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1.9 Acknowledgments

Special thanks to the International Music Score Library Project (IMSLP) for making available the the public domain scores for Marche Pontificale (1870) and Marche Pontificale (1924). My sincerest gratitude to Chris Walshaw et al. for the ABC music notation; Jean-Francois Moine for abcm2ps; Guido Gonzato for the ABC Plus Project and the abcmidi resources available there, more especially for the ABC resource book Making Music with ABC 2; James R. Allwright and Seymour Shlien for abcmidi source and binaries; Nils Liberg for EasyABC; John MacFarlane for pandoc (used for converting mediawiki to latex); Artifex, Inc. for Ghostscript v.9.06 (includes the ps2pdf converter); Inkscape v.0.48.5 for the tool for converting SVGs to PDFs for inclusion into LATEX documents; and User:Martin H for his reply to a TeX/LaTeX Stack Exchange question on including SVGs into LATEX documents. Many thanks, too, to the Debian Project for the Debian 8 (Jessie) GNU/Linux OS, TeXLive for providing the TeX distribution, and GitHub for its generosity in providing space for the project.

2 Musical Score: Marche Pontificale (1869)

As most of the versions of the *Marche Pontificale* mentioned above are currently still copyrighted, the musical score that follows is from two musical scores (*Marche Pontificale (1870)* and *Marche Pontificale (1924)*) that were obtained from the International Music Score Library Project (IMSLP). These two (2) arrangements were based on the original 1869 work of Charles Gounod.

Marche Pontificale





For audio (midi): MarchePontificale.mid